RESTORING FREE-FLOWING RIVERS IN MAINE

Josh Royte Senior Conservation Scientist



OUR MISSION IS TO CONSERVE THE LANDS AND WATERS ON WHICH ALL LIFE DEPENDS.

OUR SHARED CONSERVATION AGENDA



PROVIDE FOOD AND WATER SUSTAINABLY HEALTHY CITIES

BUILD

PROTECT LAND AND WATER

TACKLE **CLIMATE CHANGE**

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Just beginning FW work in Europe

- Water security exploring potential Water Funds sites,
- Freshwater Conservation & Restoration (dam removals)
- Very important opportunities in Southeast Europe



In Southeastern Europe

Working with partners to find renewable energy solutions for people and nature;

Define mechanisms to protect precious remaining free-flowing rivers; and

Strategically restore rivers to recover endangered species, revitalise fisheries for human and natural communities within changing climate.

New: Dam Removal Toolkit for Practitioners

Synthesizes resources

- Ecological, social & economic benefits
- Finance options
- Process & common issues that drive projects

This toolkit will serve as the foundation for a more comprehensive practitioner's guide and in-person training in 2020.

www.nature.org/europe

Summary of work in North America

- Removed more than 100 stream barriers to restore more than 10,000 km of habitat
 - Develop science for monitoring and tools for regional barrier prioritization
- Advance policies: streamlined permitting; dam liability and water extraction limits
- Drive innovative finance including environmental markets for barrier removal



"The Nature Conservancy is the only group I know which is doing something practical about actually preserving areas."

> Ecologist and author Rachel Carson Founder of the Maine Chapter in 1956

CONSERVING THE FUTURE OF FORESTS

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TRANSFORMING OCEAN MANAGEMENT

INSPIRING CLIMATE ACTION

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RESTORING FREE-FLOWING RIVERS

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Twelve Species of Diadromous Fish

Alewife Shad Blueback herring Atlantic salmon (ES) American eel (ESA Reconsider) Sea lamprey Striped bass Searun brook trout (salts) Rainbow smelt Tomcod Atlantic sturgeon (proposed TS) Shortnose sturgeon (ES)

Potentially 13th..hickory shad



"Alewives came up to the fresh rivers to spawn in **such multitudes** it is **almost incredible**, pressing up such shallow waters as will scarce permit them to swim"

-William Wood, New England's Prospect, 1634

In 1650 it was noted that, "...at certain times, the **entire surface of the river for a foot deep was all fish.**"





Edwards Dam, Kennebec River, built 1837 (Augusta, Maine)







July 1, 1999

Penobscot River (1800s to 2012)





4% of historical habitat accessible

Penobscot River (2016 to present)





+ 2,600 km (62%) of habitat accessible









Economic Response

river herring

64,500 Euros

Town revenue quadruples over a 10 year period.

resource AVAILABILITY



How are the alewives used?

Bait for €450 million lobster industry.

- Edwards Dam removal in 1999 created first resurgence of alewife populations.
 - Lobster bait prices surged after 2009 as local bait sources became more scarce.
- Alewives now 50% of the bait supply for months of May and June, with demand increasing.
- Elver fishery in 2019 = €8.2M





restoring treatise FISHING RIGHTS

boating

healthier **FOOD SOURCE** fishing **INCREASE** 1 community 争员 **CONNECTIONS**²

Before the Penobscot Restoration Project Mainstem River Connected to the Ocean (1800s to 2012) Howland Dam

Veazle Dam

Great Works Dam

After the Penobscot

Restoration Project Mainstem River Connected to the Ocean (2012 to 2016) After the Penobscot Restoration Project Priority Headwater Restoration Planning (2016 to present)

Howland Dam Bypass

Milford Dam Fish Lift

Milford Dam Fish Lift

Howland Dam Bypass

 All Surveyed Barriers (Public Rds)
Priority Barriers for Restoration (Public Rds)





More than 27,000 data points

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70,000 photographs

90% of Maine



30-50% are barriers to fish passage

Culvert Survey Results

Barrier Class hy Drainage





Maine Stream Habitat Viewer

Welcome Layers Adv Search Identify About Layers Layers in gray text will not display until you zoom in closer. To see the legend for each layer, click the arrow to the left of the layer name. To get information about a certain feature, simply click on that feature in the map. A pop-up box and the Identify Tab provide information on that feature. E Crossings & Barriers

















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